## **Stellar Formation and Evolution --- Syllabus**

<u>Instructor</u>: Professor Wen-Ping Chen <u>Office</u>: 906 <u>Class Time</u>: Tuesday 3 to 6 pm <u>Classroom</u>: Room 914

This course deals with the time variations of the structures of a star's interior (and atmosphere). We will discuss the important physical processes governing the life of a star --- from its birth out of a dense, cold molecular cloud core, to shining with the star's own thermonuclear fuels, to rapid changes in structures when these fuels are no longer available, to the end of a star's life, with matter in extremely compact states.

What it may take for a star billions of years, will take us one semester to cover the following subjects:

- Observational Properties of Stars
- Molecular Clouds and the Interstellar Medium
- Cloud Collapse and Fragmentation
- Stars and Statistical Physics
- Protostars and Jets
- Circumstellar Disks and Planet Formation
- Evolution onto the Main Sequence
- Binaries and Star Clusters
- On the Main Sequence --- Nuclear Reactions
- Effects of Rotation
- Instabilities --- Thermally, Dynamically and Convectively
- Post-MS Evolution of Low-Mass Stars --- RG, AGB, HB, PNe
- Post-MS Evolution of Massive Stars --- SN and SNR
- Mass Loss, Stellar Pulsation and Cepheid Variables
- Compact Objects --- White Dwarfs, Neutron Stars, and Black holes
- Violent End Products --- Supernovae and others

## Text: "An Introduction to the Theory of Stellar Structure and Evolution", by Dina Prialnik, Cambridge, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. 2009

In addition to written midterm (30% grade) and final (30%) exams, there will be homework assignments, plus in-class exercises or projects (35%).

## References

All the references you have found useful for the course *Stellar Atmosphere and Structure* will be also of use in this course. The following are the ones I refer to often.

- ✓ *Physics of Stellar Evolution and Cosmology*, by H. Goldberg & Michael Scadron, 1982, Gordon and Breach
- ✓ Black Holes, White Dwarfs, and Neutron Stars, by Stuart L. Shapiro & Saul A. Teukolsky, 1983, Wiley
- ✓ Stellar Structure and Evolution, by R. Kippenhahn & W. Weigert, 1990, Springer-Verlag
- ✓ Stellar Structure and Evolution, by Huang, R.Q. 黃潤乾, Guoshin, 1990, originally published in Chinese (恆星物理).
- ✓ Introduction to Stellar Astrophysics, Vol 3 --- Stellar Structure and Evolution, by Erika Bohm-Vitense, 1992, Cambridge
- ✓ The Physics of Stars, by A.C. Phillips, 1994, John Wiley & Sons
- ✓ *Stellar Evolution*, by Amos Harpaz, A K Peters, 1994
- ✓ The Stars --- Their Structure and Evolution, R. J. Tayler, 1994, Cambridge
- ✓ Supernovae and Nucleosynthesis, by David Arnett, 1996, Princeton
- ✓ *Theoretical Astrophysics, Vol II*: Stars and Stellar Systems by Padmanabhan, T., a hefty, mathematical 3 volume set; comprehensive coverage of basic astrophysical processes in vol. 1, stars in vol. 2, and galaxies and cosmology in vol. 3, 2001, Cambridge
- ✓ The Formation of Stars, by Steven Stahler & Francesco Palla, 2004, Wiley-VCH
- ✓ Evolution of Stars and Stellar Populations, by Maurizio Salaris & Santi, Cassisi, 2005, Wiley
- ✓ *The Formation of Stars*, by Steven W. Stahler & Francesco Palla, 2004, Wiley
- ✓ From Dust to Stars, by Norbert S. Schulz, 2005, Springer
- ✓ Stellar Physics, 2: Stellar Evolution and Stability, by Bisnovatyi-Kogan, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2010, Springer (translated from Russian)
- ✓ Astrophysics of Planet Formation, by Philip J. Armitage, 2010, Cambridge
- ✓ *Principles of Star Formation,* by Peter Bodenheimer, 2011, Springer
- ✓ An Introduction to Star Formation, by Derek Ward-Thompson & Anthony P. Whitworth, 2011, Cambridge
- ✓ *Stellar Evolution Physics,* by Icko Iben, 2013 (two volumes), Cambridge
- ✓ *Star Formation,* by Mark R. Krumholz, 2017, World Scientific

For star formation, the book "*Molecular Clouds and Star Formation*", edited by Chi Yuan (袁旂) & Junhan You (尤峻漢) and published by World Scientific in 1993, should be a good reference. Unfortunately this book is currently out of print, but Prof Yuan kindly donated his editor copy.